

U. S. WEATHER BU.
REAU, July 28.—Last 24
hours' rainfall, .00. Tem-
perature, max. 84; min.
74. Weather, fair.

Sunday Advertiser.

SUGAR—96° Test Cen-
trifugals, 1-3.75c; Per
Ton, \$75. 88 An-
alysis Beets, 8s 6d; Per
Ton, \$76 40.

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HONOLULU, HAWAII TERRITORY, SUNDAY, JULY 29, 1906.—FOURTEEN PAGES.

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Class Matter, U. S. Post Office, at Honolulu, July 29, 1906.

PRISONER SWEARS HENRY VIDA GAVE HIM WATER CURE

Story of Most Atrocious Torture by the Police
Told in an Affidavit Filed in the
Circuit Court.

In the early evening of March 12, a Korean of the name of Chan San Duk, employed by a well-known resident of Judd street as a yard boy, was shot from ambush while he was passing along the street near the place of his employment. The case had many elements of mystery, because the boy was not known to have any enemies, but these began to clear away when it was ascertained that two other Koreans formerly employed in the same vicinity had quarreled about a woman, and that there was ill-feeling between them in consequence.

The police began rounding up Koreans, and finally got the two who were known to be enemies. Then it was claimed that it developed that one of these had shot Chan San Duk in mistake for his foe, and the man was charged with the crime, taken before the grand jury and indicted and sent to Oahu Prison under bond fixed at \$1000 to await trial. He has been in Oahu Prison ever since. This man, Yi Marn Young, pleaded not guilty on the advice of his attorneys, Magoon & Lightfoot, when he was arraigned.

Now come his attorneys into court with motion to have his bail reduced, basing the motion upon an affidavit made by the man himself that is simply blood-curdling. Think of administering the so-called "water cure," the thing for which General Smith was broken in the Philippines, here in Honolulu, under the shadow and with the sanction of authority. That is the charge made in the affidavit filed in the Circuit Court yesterday afternoon.

The story, with all legal form and solemnity, is told in the following motion, notice and affidavit:

In the Circuit Court of the First Judicial Circuit, Territory of Hawaii.
Territory of Hawaii vs. Yi Marn Young.—Indictment for Assault and Battery with a weapon obviously and imminently dangerous to life.

MOTION.

Now comes Yi Marn Young, defendant above named, by his attorneys Magoon & Lightfoot, and moves this Honorable Court that the bail of One Thousand Dollars fixed in his case, be reduced, on the ground that said bail under the circumstances of this case is excessive and unwarranted.

This motion is based upon the affidavit of Yi Marn Young hereto attached and made a part hereof and to which reference is hereby made.

MAGOON & LIGHTFOOT.

Dated Honolulu, July 28th, 1906.

NOTICE TO ATTORNEY GENERAL.
To the Attorney General of the Territory of Hawaii.

Please take notice that the foregoing motion will be presented to the Honorable W. J. Robinson, Third Judge of the Circuit Court of the First Judicial Circuit, Territory of Hawaii, at his chambers in the Judiciary Building, Honolulu, on Monday, the 30th day of July, 1906, at the hour of 9:30 in the forenoon of said day or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard.

MAGOON & LIGHTFOOT.
Attorneys for defendant.

Dated Honolulu, July 28th, 1906.

AFFIDAVIT OF YI MARN YOUNG.

In the Circuit Court of the First Judicial Circuit, Territory of Hawaii.
Territory of Hawaii vs. Yi Marn Young.—Indictment for Assault and Battery with a weapon obviously and imminently dangerous to life.

City of Honolulu, County of Oahu, Territory of Hawaii.—ss.

Now comes Yi Marn Young and being first duly sworn on oath deposes and says that he is the defendant above named and is at present detained in the Oahu Prison awaiting trial on an indictment found against him on the 9th day of May, 1906, charging him with assault and battery with a weapon obviously and imminently dangerous to life.

And affiant says that on the 13th day

of March, 1906, between four and five o'clock in the afternoon of said day, he was met on King street, Honolulu, by one Choy Tong Soon, whom affiant believes to be a spy in the employ of the Police Department. Said Choy Tong Soon invited affiant to walk with him, to which affiant consented when said Choy Tong Soon conducted affiant to a police officer and said to him, "This is the man." Whereupon said police officer sent for the Patrol wagon and affiant was sent to the Police Station, arriving at the Police Station at about five o'clock p. m.

On arrival at the Police Station, no charge was made against affiant and he inquired from the receiving clerk upon what charge he was arrested, and was told that said receiving clerk did not know for what affiant was arrested. Affiant was searched and about \$2.70 in coin taken from him; and affiant was asked where his pistol was, to which he replied that he had no pistol. A policeman, whose name is to affiant unknown, then conveyed the information to affiant that he was accused of shooting somebody. Affiant denied that he had shot anybody.

FOUNDED AND CURSED BY VIDA.
Affiant was then placed in a cell and kept in confinement until about eight o'clock in the evening, when he was taken to the office of the Deputy Sheriff, Vida, in said Police Station building. There were present, when affiant first entered said office, beside said Vida, the said Choy Tong Soon and a Chinaman whose name is unknown to affiant.

Said Choy Tong Soon and said Chinaman left said office very shortly after affiant was taken there, when Vida, having first locked the door, accused affiant of having shot somebody with a revolver on the 12th day of March. Affiant denied that he was guilty of this crime and repeatedly stated to said Vida that he had not shot anyone, which was the truth.

Thereupon said Vida opened the said door, which he previously locked, and took affiant out to a back veranda in said Police Station, when said Vida informed affiant that if he did not tell the truth, he (Vida) would inflict corporal punishment upon him. Affiant said that he had told the truth and had nothing further to say.

Whereupon said Vida replied, "If you do not tell me the truth I will kill you. I'll fix you Koreans."

Affiant replied, "If you kill me, I can not tell you more. I am innocent and did not shoot anyone."

Whereupon said Vida with his clenched fist and with great force and violence, struck affiant on the right side immediately below the ribs, from which blow affiant suffered great pain and leaned over to the right. Whereupon said Vida struck affiant on the left side below the ribs in the same manner and kept on striking affiant in manner above described many times, inflicting great torture upon affiant.

While said Vida was torturing affiant as above set forth, he used vile language towards affiant, calling affiant "liar," "son of a —," "God damned Korean" and other evil names and accused affiant of shooting somebody, which accusation affiant always denied.

Affiant was then taken back into said office, whereupon said Vida pulled out his watch and said, "If you do not tell me the truth within five minutes I will kill you," to which affiant replied that he had told the truth and had nothing more to say.

At the end of five minutes or thereabouts affiant was taken upon said veranda, and again tortured by blows inflicted by said Vida in the above-described manner; after which affiant was taken into said office again, and said Vida said:

"I must go now; you go below and tomorrow night I will fix you."

Affiant was then taken downstairs and confined in a cell.

DENIED FOOD OR WATER.

From the time affiant was taken to the Police Station, as above set forth, until about ten o'clock at night of the 15th day of March, he was given absolutely no food and not a drop of water, except as hereinafter set forth, and suffered great torture by force.

(Continued on Page 2.)

DO TOO MUCH POLITICS IN HONOLULU

At Least, That Is the
Opinion of Several
Experts at It.

Delegate Kuhio has been quoted by one of his friends as saying that there is too much politics doing in Honolulu, and that something ought to be done to stop it. Some other of his friends, possibly, may be of the opinion, away down in their hearts, that there is too much Delegate Kuhio doing in politics, but they do not propose to do anything to stop him.

Indeed, they cannot. Maybe the Delegate is in it, considering his declaration last time that he would be out altogether in a Pickwickian sense, as Senator John Lane says he is, merely for the good of the party. The question about the good of the party becomes debatable when the other claim of the Kuhio men that the Home Rulers and Democrats are solid for him, too, is taken into account. For, if the Home Rulers and Democrats are also solid for him, Kuhio is in a position to tell the Republicans to go hang. There be those who believe he has the humor to do it. He can sit back and take an election, which will be all there is to it.

NEEDS THE MONEY.

And, if he is in it for the good of the party, Kuhio is not in it for any evil to himself. He needs the money. It might be considered something of a fair jobbing return, although not politics of the ideal kind exactly, if in consideration of the job and the money he delivered votes to give jobs and money to the other fellows on the ticket. But, if he is to have no opposition, why should he trouble himself to do that? He will merely take the money as a gift.

Kuhio aside, it is the opinion of several leaders, who have not been in Honolulu until lately, that there is too much politics doing here. "I never saw anything like it," said Senator Palmer Woods, landing from the Kinohiwa the other day, fresh from the peaceful and unfed wilds of Kohala. "Why you people do not talk of anything nor think of anything but politics. We have not even begun to wake up to the campaign over on the Big Island."

This from Palmer Woods, who made that fusion tour with Curtis Iaukea weeks and weeks ago! But maybe Palmer was talking in a Pickwickian sense, too. That seems to be the way the average politician of Hawaii wants to be understood as talking—and the way other politicians want to understand their fellows as talking, when they cannot beat them at the real game. Also, Palmer is going to Cuba, and so might have wanted to forget it. Senator Paris of Kona is another. He came to town on the last Mauna Loa, and hung around listening to the buzzing of the politics with the air of a man who had suddenly awakened in a strange country and could not by any means get his bearings.

PARIS OF KONA, TOO.

"I don't know what to make of it," he said plaintively. "Don't you people up here in Honolulu talk of anything or think of anything but politics? I go to a man's office to do business with him, and I get it there. I stand here on the street to meet my friends, and the only greeting I get is political. Why what with your Sunday school classes, and your precinct clubs, and your labor parties, and your parties that don't labor, it is enough to set a man wild. And it hasn't rained a drop in Kona."

"Oh, politics! There is nothing doing on Hawaii yet. We have not even begun to think of politics."

However, it is proper to say that Senator Paris is not going to be a candidate for re-election. Maybe that is the reason there is nothing doing.

To fuse or not to fuse is the question that is agitating the Home Rule and Democratic camps mightily, just now. There is a lot in principle of course, and it is a commendable thing to contend for—but mere men like to reap the collateral fruits of battle, too. If they do not win, there are no fruits—and neither Democrats nor Home Rulers can win playing a lone hand. Wherefore, the talk of fusion and the cause of fusion is gaining ground. The men and brethren want a fighting chance.

TRENT FOR SHERIFF.

Speaking of fusion, the talk of the opposition has shifted around once more and there was a rumor on the streets yesterday that County Treasurer Trent, though coy, could be persuaded to make the race for Sheriff if the nomination came up to him in the right way. Just what the right way is does not appear. Mr. Trent said once on a time, that he would not touch the job with a ten-foot pole. And Curtis Iaukea is thought to have the call on that nomination, if it is fusion. But you never can tell.

CAMPAIGN OF TERRORISM TO RE-OPEN IN RUSSIA



MAXIM GORKY.

FROM THE FAR NORTH

Alaskan Here to Recover
From Fearful
Hardships.

"If those are the songs the Hawaiian singers with the band are singing on the mainland, I don't wonder that the people over there have gone crazy on the band," said J. N. Hartwell of Fairbanks, Alaska, as he listened to the numbers rendered in the concert at the Hawaiian Hotel on Friday night.

Mr. Hartwell arrived in Honolulu on the Mongolia on Thursday, coming to be a visitor until he recovers from the effect of an experience passed through by him in the frozen north last December, an experience such as few men could have had and survive. And in Honolulu he has found a climate which he declares has done him more good in the two days he has spent here than all the doctoring he has gone through during the past six months.

Mr. Hartwell's experience is best told in his own words.

"On the first day of December last I was coming in from a prospect to Fairbanks for grub," he said, "and I had reached a point about forty miles from the town. It was during the coldest week we had last winter and the thermometer showed from 58 to 60 degrees below zero, so it was necessary that anyone traveling should not stay too long at a time in the dog sleigh. I had been riding along without feeling anything wrong and had got to within about six miles of the road house where I expected to put up for the night. It was about four o'clock in the afternoon and pitch dark. Thinking that I had better get out and mush for a time I stopped my team of six malamuts (native dogs) and grabbed the mush bars to follow the team."

"I found that I was stiff from the knees down and had not taken more than a few steps when I fell. The malamuts had gone quite a way before I got on my feet and I could not get them to stop. So there I was with my legs both frozen and six miles from a shelter."

"I tried to make the road house on foot, and had gone about a mile when I fell and knew no more for three days. I had been picked up by the mail runner a few minutes after I went down, who took me to the road house, from where I was taken to Fairbanks for treatment."

"Before I had come to, the doctors wanted to amputate both my legs, but my friends would not let them and after I had come to I also objected. But the agony I went through in being thawed out was something awful. Many and many a time while I was suffering I would have gladly killed myself if I had been able. It was worse than being burned alive, but thanks to my friends, who refused to allow amputation, I pulled through all right."

"Just when I was beginning to recover came the fire which destroyed the whole town of Fairbanks and I came out, heading for here. And you can bet I am mighty glad I came. A week ago I could not walk a block with crutches, I could not dress myself nor stand up without help. I have got better more here in two days than in the whole of the past six months. I don't see how anyone could be any-thing but well here. Why, I can mush along now and stand up without my crutches. And I can sleep, and I tell you that is a whole lot."

"I guess people don't know about this place or you would be run to death with people coming from all over the States. I tell you, after Alaska this place is all right."

The Party of Violence Will Issue a Call to Its Adherents to Take Up Again the Work of Fear to Bring the Czar and the Bureaucrats to Terms--Maxim Gorky Appeals to the American People to Help the Russians to Win Their Freedom.

(Associated Press Cablegrams.)

ST. PETERSBURG, July 29.—The fighting revolutionists have declared their purpose to order that the campaign of terrorism be re-opened.

GORKY ISSUES AN APPEAL.

NEW YORK, July 29.—Maxim Gorky has issued an appeal to the American people to help the Russian nation to freedom.

ROBBERS GET GOVERNMENT MONEY.

WARSAW, July 29.—Two trains were held up and robbed here yesterday by armed bodies of rioters. In the first robbery, during the afternoon, the robbers killed eight people and secured \$8000 of government money.

A SECOND TRAIN ROBBERY.

A second train was seized and robbed last night, the robbers getting \$37,500.

PEASANTS ATTACK DRAGOONS.

CHERNISHHOFF, Russia, July 28.—Peasants today attacked a force of dragoons who had been sent to arrest revolutionary agitators in this section. Five peasants were killed by the dragoons and twelve dragoons were wounded during the engagement. Three of them will die.

TERROR OF BLACK HUNDRED.

KAZAN, Russia, July 28.—The Black Hundred organization is terrorizing the Jew residents of this place.

THE CAPITAL CUT OFF.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 28.—A fire today destroyed the government telegraph station, shutting off communication with the provinces.

Probably the order to re-open the campaign of terrorism is a direct result of the thwarting of the attempt to proclaim a provisional government. Yesterday's cablegrams related that this movement had been checked by the leaders of the Constitutional Democratic party. That is the moderate party in Russia, the party which still hopes to gain liberty and save the Czar.

The party of violence is fighting for freedom, and prefers it without the Emperor. These two forces, both of them revolutionary, seem to control Russia. As to Maxim Gorky's appeal for help, it is not probable that America will pay a great deal of attention to it. The sympathy of America is always with the cause of liberty. American interference in the internal affairs of Russia is a different thing altogether, and Gorky is not in the best odor in this country.

KILLED IN RAILWAY COLLISION.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., July 29.—In a street car collision here, one passenger was killed and seven injured. A railroad train on the Southern Pacific ran into a Pasadena electric car near that town.

SHOOTS HIS WIFE AND TRIES SUICIDE.

SAN JOSE, Cal., July 29.—W. O. Wright, a brother-in-law of State Senator Charles M. Shortridge, shot his wife fatally last night, and then attempted suicide.

LABORITE GETS SIX YEARS.

PORTLAND, Oregon, July 29.—Charles Bock, Secretary of the Sailors' Union, has been sentenced to prison for six years for assaulting non-union men.

WINS THE BRIGHTON JUNIOR.

NEW YORK, July 29.—Salvidere won the \$15,000 Brighton Junior stake.

LIEUTENANT ENGLAND IS HURT AT TARGET PRACTICE

(Associated Press Cablegrams—Afternoon Service.)

CHEFOO, July 28.—Lieutenant Clarence England, of the U. S. Cruiser Chattanooga, was wounded while at rifle practice today by a sailor from the French cruiser Dupetit Thouars.

HAWAIIAN CONVICTED OF MURDER.

SACRAMENTO, Cal., July 28.—Edward Manasse has just been convicted of the murder of John Cook. Both are Kanakas.

TOWNS IS CHAMPION.

SYDNEY, N. S. W., July 28.—Towns defeated Stanbury here today in the sculling race for the world's championship.

SMALL-POX ON ISTHMUS.

COLON, Panama, July 28.—There have been 35 cases of small-pox here. There have been slight earthquake shocks felt.

KILLED BY A CLOUDBURST.

ANACONA, Italy, July 28.—A cloudburst in this vicinity has devastated the Camerino region. Ten people were drowned.

KILLED BY LIGHTNING IN STATE OF OHIO

(Associated Press Cablegram.)

CLEVELAND, Ohio, July 29.—Two persons were killed by lightning during an electrical storm here yesterday.

BOLT STRIKES A TREE.

WELLSTON, Ohio, July 29.—Lightning struck a tree in a grove in which a picnic was being held here yesterday, and nine persons were injured, two of them fatally.